



BIRD STUDY GROUP NEWSLETTER

Volume 9, Number 9
April 24, 1995

Bird Alert Service: Phone 318,797-5338, Mon-Fri. after 5:00 PM
Meeting Place and Headquarters: LSUS Museum of Life Sciences

NEXT MEETING

May 9, 1995
7:00 PM

Canoeing the Bodcau and Dorcheat Bayous

by

Mark Norris

Refreshments will be available at 6:30 PM
Come early to visit, relax, buy T-shirts, pay dues
or all of the above.

COMMITTEE CHAIRPERSONS

BIRD REPORT -- **Bobbe Wommack** 686-0369, **Will Smolenski** 865-2938
 BIRD HOT SPOTS -- **Larry Raymond** 929-2806, **Will Smolenski** 865-2938
 FIELD TRIPS -- **Bill Hall** 797-1727
 FUND RAISING -- **Will Smolenski** 865-2938
 HISTORIAN and LIBRARIAN -- **Jim Ingold** 797-5236, **Betty Mason**, 752-1029
 HOSPITALITY and SPECIAL EVENTS -- **Betty Mason** 752-1029, **Margaret Fontaine**
 861-0483, **Norma Cobb** 686-3959, and **June Haynie** 868-5441
 MEMBERSHIP -- **Shirley Huss** 865-5959
 NEWSLETTER -- **Mac Hardy** 797-5338 w, 687-6738 h
 BEGINNING BIRDERS -- **Larry Raymond** 929-2806, **Jim Ingold** 797-5236
 PHONE TREE -- **Jeff Trahan** 868-7360 (h), 869-5217 (w); **Will Smolenski** 865-2938
 PROGRAMS -- **Jim Ingold** 797-5236
 PUBLICITY -- **Nancy Meier** 688-0085
 SHORT PROGRAMS -- **Pat Lonnecker** 865-4701

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BSG Atlas Quad

East Point

The Bird Study Group is taking a quad (East Point) as a group project for the Louisiana Breeding Bird Atlas this spring. Mac Hardy is the coordinator; if you want more information and/or want to help with this quad please let Mac know. The packet with instructions, map, and audio tape are in the Museum office.

Relay all observations on East Point to Mac so we can keep a running tabulation. This might allow us to record some species that might otherwise be missed because everyone assumes that someone else got that common species. Call the Museum (797-5338) to leave notes.

1994-95

President - **HUBERT HERVEY**, 3
 Vice-Pres - **JIM INGOLD**, 3
 Secretary - **PAT TUMINELLO**, 2
 Treasurer - **BETTY MASON**, 3

Members at Large:

NORMA COBB, 3
MARGARET FONTAINE, 2
BILL HALL, 2
MAC HARDY, 2

SHIRLEY HUSS, 1
PAT LONNECKER, 1
NANCY MEIER, 2
LARRY RAYMOND, 1
WILL SMOLENSKI, 1
JEFF TRAHAN, 3
BOBBE WOMMACK, 1

BOARD MEETING

The BSG Board will meet on May 2, 1995, at of Life Sciences at 7:00 PM. All board members should try to be present.

Flaig Photos

Many thanks to Bruce Flaig for the nice set of bird slides photographed by Bruce and recently donated to the Bird Study Group.

FIELD TRIPS

May 6 -- Bird Study Group's "Big Day," Paul Dickson's Loggy Bayou Plantation. Spring migrants of all habitats, beautiful land, great birding, great food and fun. Where/When: Loggy Bayou Plantation, Daybreak. Leader: Paul Dickson 797-1000.

13 -- North American Migratory Count. All day. Co-ordinator: Hubert Hervey 925-9249.

27 -- Walter Jacobs Park, Fleming Park, and points west. Spring migrants, woodland, meadow, lakeside and lakebirding. Where/When: Walter Jacobs Park Hdqtrs Bldg. 7:30 AM Leader: Larry Raymond 929-3117.

June 3 -- Powhatan Exit, I-49 barrow pits for nesting **King Rail**, **Swainson's** and **Worm-eating Warblers**, shorebirds and swallows. Where/When: McDonald's at Linwood & Bert Kouns 7:00 AM Leader: Charlie Lyon 865-2674.

BIRD QUIZ #32

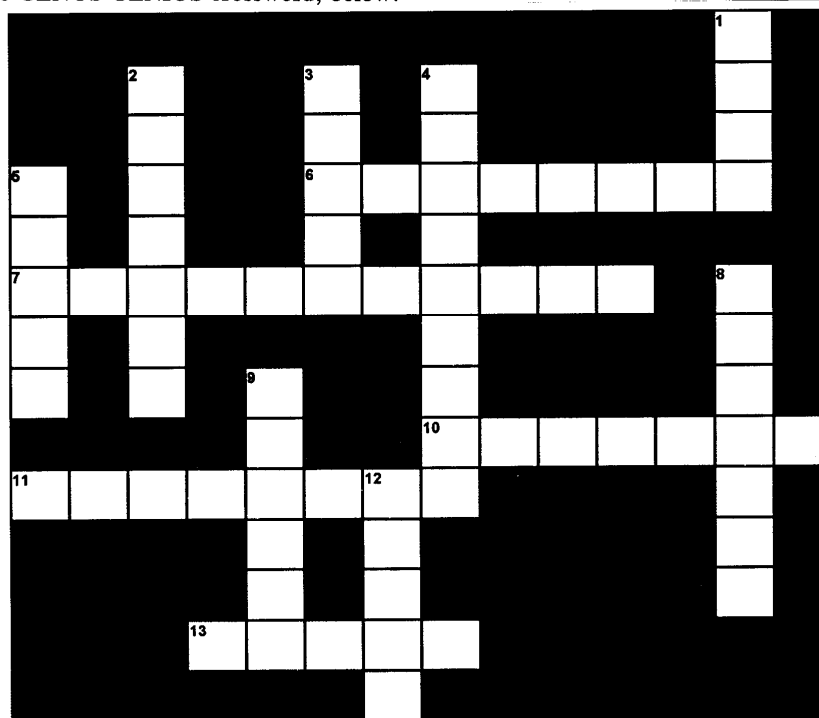
Try your hand at the GENUS GENIUS crossword, below.

Across

- 6. Kingbird
- 7. Sapsucker
- 10. Kinglet
- 11. Sparrow
- 13. Titmouse

Down

- 1. Crane
- 2. Creeper
- 3. Nuthatch
- 4. Warbler
- 5. Goose
- 8. Pigeon
- 9. Tern
- 12. Gull



ANSWERS TO BIRD QUIZ #31

- 1. **Purple Martin** - Spick-spac-spitter-spee-spac
- 2. **Prothonotary Warbler** - Sweet-sweet-sweet-sweet-sweet
- 3. **Canada Warbler** - Te-widdle-te-widdle, te-widdle-te-wip
- 4. **Carolina Chickadee** - My dog has fleas
- 5. **Brown Thrasher** - Drop it, drop it, cover it, cover it, pull it up, pull it up

6. **White-eyed Vireo** - Quick, three beers
CHUCK!
7. **Warbling Vireo** - Brig-a-dier Brig-a-dier
brigade
8. **Olive-sided Flycatcher** - Hick, three-bee-er
9. **Indigo Bunting** - Sweet-sweet, where-where,
here-here, see it-see it
10. **Black-throated Green Warbler** - Trees,
trees, murmuring trees

A River Bottom Diary

by Paul Dickson
Part 7

The coming of the Mayapples is a sure sign of spring; sure as the nesting Wooducks that accompany them in the first week of March. My sons and I nibbled on a few dog tooth violets on the 3rd of March, enjoying their subtle licorice flavor. Two Greater Yellowlegs called out on the marsh giving their far reaching, three noted call. The weather was fine but only a calm in the storm. March is a lion indeed. This year the rain seems ceaseless. The 12th brought the unexpected surprise of Sandhill Cranes overhead and on the 13th the first migration event of spring was at hand. Dawn found me mending a fence damaged by high water as drops began to sail by in 20 mph south winds. These winds carried fourteen Canada Geese overhead to call those domestic and wild alike on the marsh. The wild Snow Geese that have spent the winter here are restless. They rise twice only to settle back down each time. They will go soon no doubt; maybe today, maybe later. I finish the fence mending in time to look out over the marsh and find a pair of Bluewinged Teal, a male Shoveler, a Greater Yellowlegs, a Pectoral Sandpiper, and a Solitary Sandpiper. More were no doubt clipping by overhead with the dramatic tail wind. The sky clears by the 15th and the first Rough Winged Swallows dart about. More Blue Winged Teal and Shovelers stop over and the Bluebirds' singing intensifies. Wooducks are busily visiting boxes and single males swimming unconcerned about the marsh all day betray incubating hens in the Cypress cavities as well.

Spring roared in in such a fashion on our

riverbottom farm and went out as a lamb with not so much rain and mild temperatures. After the 15th there was less bird action as well. The Blue Winged Teal continue to push through in great numbers this year. Throughout late March and early April, males outnumber females by as much as ten to one, but by mid-April pairs dominate the count. Males migrate earlier in both spring and fall. Male Scissortail Flycatchers do the same. The first appearing on April 3rd. By the 16th they are numerous but as yet no females.

All clover species are in full bloom by mid-April as a pair of Chickadees accepts a Bluebird box on a fence post far out in the pasture. This open field nesting was strange to me when I first noticed, Chickadees are woodland birds. I have found that they readily accept free lodging in such an open spot, perhaps they like blooming clover. Between the Bluebirds, Chickadees, and Wooducks not a box goes unused in mid-April. My first sighting of an Indigo Bunting is on the 11th, when the cottonwoods are forming fruit and the pecans are beginning to flower and leaf. Pecans vary widely as they bloom. Some are shy, waiting until late April, others are out with full leaves by the 15th.

As April surges on, the succession of blooming flowers marks the time but the birds are less candid. No big migrations appear on the farm, only subtle ones. The Blackbirds that steal my newly planted corn are changing their color daily. A casual look would lead one to believe that they are the same flock day after day, but such is not the case. For one day they are mostly Brewers and the next female Redwings. A few Rusty Blackbirds pepper the group from the 14th to the 16th. On the 18th there is a male Yellowheaded Blackbird amongst mostly female Redwings, a few males, and Cowbirds. The next day the Yellowhead has moved on, as have the Rusty and Brewers. The Redwings and Cowbirds act differently this day. They are transients as well. Trying to run them off the newly planted corn would be as futile as trying to bail out the river. The 19th brings two Bairds Sandpipers to the marsh in the afternoon and the first singing male Blue Grosbeaks. The morning calm on the 20th would contrast sharply in a few hours. A frontal passage at noon halted the north bound passage and a spring migration "fall out" is at hand! Out of the unseen heights came birds everywhere. By early afternoon trees that had contained only

lingering White Crowned Sparrows now held Eastern Kingbirds, a Yellowbreasted Chat, Northern Waterthrush, Orchard Oriole, Summer Tanager, lots of male Indigo Buntings, Blue Grosbeaks, and Scissortail Flycatchers. A large group of Chimney Swifts boil overhead as thunderstorms loom from the west. The 20th of April was a fine migration day indeed. The front perhaps put them down, or maybe it was a flight time thing. I only know that the difference between dawn and noon was several hundred migrants.

The vetch is blooming now though not at the full three foot height that will greet the Bobolinks later in April. Wooducks are hatching and up in the hills Wild Turkey hens are incubating as Great Crested and Acadian Flycatchers arrive. The Phlox is still in bloom but is declining. It won't be long before Mayapples are ripe for picking. Spring moves on.

THIRD ANNUAL NORTH AMERICAN MIGRATORY BIRD COUNT DAY

NAMC for 1995 is set nationwide for 13 May. We will organize the Caddo Parish Migratory bird count during the May 9th club meeting. If you are interested in taking part in this fun event, call Hubert at 925-9249 or come to the meeting. This is so much fun because you get to bird as much as you care to and you don't have to count individual birds, just species.

*** Hubert C. Hervey

PAUL'S BIG DAY: MAY 6

Come enjoy the best of two worlds with us, eating and birding. At Paul's, you don't have to choose between the two, you get the best of both. It all starts as early as you care to arrive at Loggy Bayou Plantation and it ends with a big crawfish boil. Loggy Bayou Plantation is a fine example of management for diversity of species, the current catchword of the environmental movement. You can see this concept at work and observe the benefits to all types of wildlife at Loggy Bayou Plantation.

*** Hubert C. Hervey

FAVORITE BIRDING PLACES:

"MY QUAD"

Breeding Bird Atlas surveyors are fortunate people indeed. We each "own" our personal 50+ square mile portion of the State of Louisiana. Last year "my quad" was not the same place as the 1995 "my quad". Yet I am already as attached to my new quad as I was to my old quad. And I suspect that most Atlas surveyors, who are able to put forth a genuine effort, feel the same way. I notice all of them refer to their assigned area as "my quad".

Last year I worked three quads, and lived in one of those three. But the one I considered as "my quad" was named Evelyn Quad. It required a lot of exploring, which I truly enjoy. The very different habitats made birding more fun because of the large variety of bird species I could confirm as breeding or probably breeding. Locating nesting **White Ibis**, **Great Blue Herons**, **Great Egrets**, **Cattle Egrets**, **Little Blue Herons** and **Green Herons** at a remote lake requiring a mile and a half hike was great fun. Knowing that **Anhingas** were nesting in a completely inaccessible swamp was very frustrating. I couldn't get there by foot or boat, and didn't. Also, working the Dolet Hills area west of Evelyn was fun. It was possible to bird for hours and never see another human. I was finally able to locate both **Worm-eating** and **Swainsons Warblers** there tucked in the sides of the steepest hills. But again the species I couldn't prove remain to haunt me. The pair of **American Kestrels** that vanished in late April certainly nested in a hollow tree somewhere nearby. **Great Horned Owls** were surely present somewhere in all that remote coal mine area around Crow Lake. Evelyn Quad has two coal mining ventures in it. I watched the reclamation in progress after the huge steam shovel had gouged out holes in the earth nearly 100 feet deep. The lignite is piled up for transfer via a conveyor belt several miles long to an electric power plant. Western Kentucky has long stuck in my mind as a cruel example of man's plunder of our land. No reclamation of strip mined land was mandated and the earth is an eyesore of the worst sort. I was impressed with the return of our Louisiana coal mines to a productive vegetative cover of grass or trees. Some experimental plots had been developed to

determine what plants would grow best. Some people may not understand what motivates environmentalists, but examples like the comparison of Kentucky strip mines to Louisiana lignite mines should be apparent to every eye.

"My Quad" this year is Grand Cane. There are no lakes here, no bayous large enough to float down. Did I mention that a float trip is a great way to prove certain breeding birds such as **Parula Warblers** and **Prothonotary Warblers**, **Yellow-throated Vireos** and **Yellow-crowned Night-Herons**? Also, **Wood Duck**, **Hooded Mergansers** or almost any cavity nesting species can be found in the trees along the banks of a large bayou. Yet I have already confirmed nesting of **Anhingas**, that bug-a-boo from last year, and also **Great Blue Herons**. I found these incubating in dead trees below a large farm pond. Beavers had created a secondary pond below the man-made dam, trees were flooded, died, and new habitat created. Last year I had **Pileated Woodpeckers** nesting in a dead Loblolly Pine killed by flood waters from a beavers dam. This year I have learned to watch for the changes that beavers create and note what birds are benefiting from those changes. Beavers have been a favorite animal of mine since I can remember my mother

reading the story of "Brownie Flattail Builds A House". I introduced beavers to my creek "Wallace Bayou" in the early 1970's. Since then, the state beaver population has grown tremendously. In some places they are nuisance animals, and in the flat woods of Northeast Louisiana so many hardwood trees are killed by flooding, that control measures become necessary. I consider beavers as beneficial in slowing down the rush of rainwater as it heads to the rivers and the sea. Can man-made dams be good but beaver dams be bad?

I wish you well with your quad. If you don't have a quad, our Bird Study Group will be glad for you to help us with our club quad. Dr. Mac Hardy at 797-5338 will be glad to explain to you where East Point Quad is located and help you get started. East Point is very similar to Evelyn in topography and should yield some great birds. Perhaps you could be the one to find the huge rookery that Charlie Lyon and I have speculated about. 300 **White Ibis** at Natchitoches Bar Pits have to be breeding somewhere. Or perhaps **Tri-Colored Herons** nesting in a newly flooded area formed by a beaver dam.

***Hubert C. Hervey

MINUTES OF THE REGULAR MEETING

The regular monthly meeting of the SSNS Bird Study Group was held April 11, 1995, in the Museum of Life Sciences on the LSU campus.

Jim Ingold, Program Chairman, introduced our speaker, Dr. Steve Lynch, who gave a program on The Birds and Plants of South Africa. We have a greater appreciation of the beauty of South Africa.

In the business portion of the meeting, the minutes of the meeting in March were approved as written. President Hubert Hervey gave Treasurer's Report, and the following is typed from Betty Mason's original report dated April 11, 1995:

TREASURER'S REPORT

1. Bank now changed from Pioneer to Hibernia	
2. Old Balance (March):	\$1,043.25
3. Income	241.00
4. Expenses:	159.62
5. Present (April) Balance at Hibernia:	1,124.63
6. Gift Shop Fund (LSU): (now has) (Betty will be sending them \$250.00 sometime this month)	53.65
7. Combined totals for April	\$1,178.28
8. Post Office Account (for non-profits) now:	202.45

Election of Board Members was held. The nominating committee consisting of Will Smolenski, Shirley Huss and Jeff Trahan presented the following slate: Larry Raymond, Betsy Risinger, Rosemary Seidler, Gay Vekovius, and Bobbe Womack. A motion was made, seconded and passed to accept this slate. Vernon Miller was elected to fill the one-year board vacancy created by the resignation of Nance Meiers.

Will presented a T-Shirt to our speaker. Larry Raymond asked that we vote on the Shreveport Conservationist of the Year Award. The vote was unanimous for Wellborn Jack, Jr., who has been a major environmentalist in the area for years.

Mac Hardy said last weekend was a success for the annual meeting of the Southwestern Association of Naturalists. The speaker for the May program will be Mark Norris of the Outfitters, who will give a free canoe trip down Bodcau Bayou to anyone in our club who will pick up trash along the bayou. June is the best time to go. The June program is by Mark Woodrey on Neotropical Migrants.

Bird Talk included **Least Terns**, **Parula** and **Hooded Warblers**, **American Swallow-tailed Kite**, **Franklin's Gull**, **Buff-breasted Sandpipers**, **Magnolia Warbler**, **Scissor-tailed Flycatcher**, **Indigo Bunting**, **Snowy Egret**, **Solitary Warbler**, **Black-crowned Night-Heron** and **Green Heron**. Jim Ingold still has two **Inca Doves** coming to his feeder, and we have two on the farm.

Mac will lead the Soda Lake Trip on April 22nd, and May 6th is Paul's Big Day. May 13th is the North American Migratory Bird Count.

The meeting adjourned at 9:05pm.

Extralimital Dates: Flycatchers

This is the third in a series of reports on extralimital dates for migratory birds in our area. It is based exclusively on the Bird Study Group Bird Report data base. The intent of this series is to alert birders of the approximate arrival and departure dates of migrants (based on our data base) and of times during the year in need of better documentation. In some cases, permanent residents (PERM) are included if annual data is incomplete. At least six dates (if available) are given for each species. For summer residents (SU) the first three dates are the earliest arrival dates in the spring and the last three dates are the latest departure dates in the fall. For winter residents (WI), the first three dates are the latest departure dates in the spring and the last three are the earliest arrival dates in the fall. The last column gives months for which additional data is needed. For non-resident migrants the first line (SP) contains the earliest three arrival and latest three departure dates for the spring and the second line (FA) gives the earliest arrival and latest departure dates for the fall migration. In some cases fewer than three dates are available for a given category.

Olive-sided Flycatcher	SP	05/11, 05/14	Report ALL RECORDS
Eastern Wood-Pewee	SU	03/22, 04/03, 04/13 -- 11/16, 12/12, 12/31	Report Mar., July, Aug.
Yellow-bellied Flycatcher	SP	05/21 --	Report ALL RECORDS
	FA	09/12 -- 10/05	
Acadian Flycatcher	SU	04/10, 04/17, 04/20 -- 05/30, 06/16, 09/11	Report Apr., Sep.
Willow Flycatcher	SU	05/05, 05/09, 05/09 -- 08/25, 10/05, 10/16	Report May, July, Aug., Oct.
Least Flycatcher	SP	02/03, 02/16 -- 04/06, 04/30, 05/09	Report Feb., May
	FA	09/15, 09/21, 09/23 -- 09/25	Report ALL RECORDS
Eastern Phoebe	PERM		Report July, Aug.
Say's Phoebe		02/06	Report ALL RECORDS
Vermilion Flycatcher		01/03, 02/06	Report ALL RECORDS
Great Crested Flycatcher	SU	04/11, 04/12, 04/13 -- 09/24, 09/25, 09/29	Report Apr., July, Aug., Sep.
Western Kingbird		04/30, 08/28, 09/21	Report ALL RECORDS
Eastern Kingbird	SU	03/29, 04/02, 04/03 -- 09/24, 10/05, 10/15	Report Mar., Apr., Oct.
Scissor-tailed Flycatcher	SU	03/28, 03/30, 04/01 -- 11/10, 11/23, 12/19	Report Mar., Nov., Dec.

*** Mac Hardy

BIRD NOTES -- APRIL

Compiled April 25, 1995

Report bird records for the Newsletter to Bobbe Wommack (686-0369) or to Will Smolenski (865-2938) by the 15th of each month. Only records not printed since the last Newsletter are published.

Following each species is a line of data in the following format: date, initials of observer, number of birds observed; initials of another observer, number of birds observed; etc. For example: 15 PD 3 means that on the fifteenth PD saw 3 birds. For the number of birds observed, a one is used both for one specimen or for numbers not reported by the observer. All bird records reported here are the responsibility of the observer. The Bird Study Group is reporting observations on the word of the observers.

REPORTERS

Abbrev	Name	Dates and Places
BillW	Bill Wood	04/19/95 Bickham-Dickson Park, Shreveport
BSG	Bird Study Group	04/08/95 Kisatchie Nat. Forest & 1-49 bar pits.
BW	Bobby Wommack	04/03/95 Bickham-Dickson Park.; 04/06/95 residence.
E&SH	Eddie & Shirley Huss	03/26/95 Bickham Dickson Park; 04/17/95 Highway 1
ET	Ellen Tippett	04/24/95 Bickham-Dickson Park, Shreveport
GF	Gloria Frantom	04/09/95 residence.; 04/10/95 residence.; 04/17/95 residence, Toledo Bend, nr. Converse.; 04/20/95 residence; 04/24/95 residence.
JI	Jim Ingold	02/21/95 residence; 03/04/95 residence; 03/28/95 Bickham-Dickson Park, Shreveport.; 03/29/95 residence.; 03/30/95 residence or Arthur Teague Parkway.; 03/31/95 residence.; 04/01/95 LSUS campus, Shreveport or residence.; 04/01/95 LSUS campus, Shreveport.;

Abbrev	Name	Dates and Places
LR	Larry Raymond	04/02/95 LSUS campus, Shreveport.; 04/02/95 residence. 03/27/95 Walter Jacob's Nature Park; 04/01/95 Robert Nance Park, Black Bayou Dam, Noah Tyson Pk.; 04/05/95 Residence; 04/09/95 Woods North Of Mira-Myrtis Rd.; 04/11/95 LA 173 North of Blanchard; 04/14/95 Woods off Hesston-Rodessa Rd./Black Bayou Lake; 04/15/95 residence
MT	Margo Tuller	03/20/95 residence.
PD	Paul Dickson	02/02/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Road.; 02/24/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Road.; 03/12/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Road.; 03/15/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Road.; 03/18/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Rd.; 03/22/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Rd.; 03/24/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Rd.; 04/01/95 Loggy Bayou Plantation; 04/03/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Road.; 04/14/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Road.; 04/15/95 Loggy Bayou Plantation; 04/16/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Road.; 04/17/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Rd.; 04/19/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Rd.; 04/20/95 Deer Farm on Ellerbe Road.
SH	Shirley Huss	04/15/95 Overton Brooks Rd.; 04/18/95 Swepeco on Line Ave.
WS	Will Smolenski	04/10/95 residence.

RECORDS

Common Name	Data
Pied-billed Grebe	03/28/95 JI 5; 04/03/95 BW 2; 04/08/95 BSG 13; 04/14/95 LR 1
Double-crested Cormorant	03/28/95 JI 1; 04/01/95 LR 2; 04/08/95 BSG 20
Anhinga	04/08/95 BSG 2
Great Blue Heron	04/01/95 LR 1; 04/08/95 BSG 12; 04/14/95 LR 2
Great Egret	04/08/95 BSG 15
Snowy Egret	04/03/95 BW 2; 04/08/95 BSG 16
Little Blue Heron	03/18/95 PD 1; 04/08/95 BSG 26
Cattle Egret	04/08/95 BSG 30
Green Heron	04/03/95 BW 1
White Ibis	03/22/95 PD 30; 04/08/95 BSG 108
Wood Duck	03/29/95 LR 2; 04/08/95 BSG 8
Green-winged Teal	04/08/95 BSG 4; 04/19/95 PD 3
Mallard	04/08/95 BSG 8
Blue-winged Teal	03/26/95 E&SH 5; 04/03/95 BW 7; 04/08/95 BSG 18
Northern Shoveler	04/08/95 BSG 2
Canvasback	04/08/95 BSG 1
Ring-necked Duck	04/08/95 BSG 4
Hooded Merganser	03/24/95 PD 2
Black Vulture	04/06/95 BW 4; 04/08/95 BSG 4
Turkey Vulture	04/01/95 LR 2; 04/08/95 BSG 20; 04/09/95 LR 1
American Swallow-tailed Kite	04/08/95 BSG 1
Mississippi Kite	04/18/95 SH 1
Northern Harrier	04/08/95 BSG 2
Red-shouldered Hawk	03/29/95 LR 1; 04/08/95 BSG 1
Broad-winged Hawk	04/08/95 BSG 3; 04/09/95 LR 1; 04/11/95 LR 1
Red-tailed Hawk	04/02/95 JI 2; 04/06/95 BW 1; 04/08/95 BSG 7
American Kestrel	04/08/95 BSG 1
Virginia Rail	04/19/95 BillW 1
Sora	04/24/95 ET 1
American Coot	03/28/95 JI 7; 04/03/95 BW 8; 04/08/95 BSG 35
Sandhill Crane	03/12/95 PD 100; 04/20/95 PD 100
American Golden-Plover	04/08/95 BSG 8
Killdeer	03/26/95 E&SH 2; 03/28/95 JI 3; 04/08/95 BSG 12
Black-necked Stilt	04/08/95 BSG 1
Greater Yellowlegs	04/08/95 BSG 10
Lesser Yellowlegs	03/26/95 E&SH 5; 04/01/95 PD 1; 04/08/95 BSG 16
Solitary Sandpiper	03/28/95 JI 1
Least Sandpiper	02/02/95 PD 1; 04/08/95 BSG 12
Baird's Sandpiper	04/01/95 PD 1; 04/19/95 PD 2
Pectoral Sandpiper	04/08/95 BSG 2
Buff-breasted Sandpiper	04/08/95 BSG 1
Short-billed Dowitcher	03/26/95 E&SH 4
Common Snipe	04/08/95 BSG 2
Franklin's Gull	04/08/95 BSG 1
Ring-billed Gull	03/28/95 JI 1
Rock Dove	03/29/95 JI 1; 03/30/95 JI 1; 03/31/95 JI 1; 04/01/95 LR 1; 04/01/95 JI 1; 04/08/95 BSG 8; 04/14/95 LR 2
Mourning Dove	03/04/95 JI 1; 03/29/95 JI 2; 03/30/95 JI 2; 03/31/95 JI 2; 04/01/95 JI 4; 04/02/95 JI 4; 04/08/95 BSG 8; 04/10/95 WS 5; 04/24/95 GF 2
Inca Dove	03/29/95 JI 2; 03/30/95 JI 2; 03/31/95 JI 2; 04/01/95 JI 2; 04/02/95 JI 2

Common Name	Data
Barn Owl	02/21/95 JI 1
Eastern Screech-Owl	03/04/95 JI 1
Great Horned Owl	04/19/95 BillW 1
Barred Owl	03/04/95 JI 1; 03/29/95 LR 1; 04/01/95 LR 1
Chuck-will's-widow	04/15/95 PD 1
Whip-poor-will	04/15/95 PD 4
Chimney Swift	03/20/95 MT 6; 04/08/95 BSG 14; 04/10/95 WS 3; 04/20/95 PD 1
Ruby-throated Hummingbird	04/06/95 BW 1; 04/08/95 BSG 1; 04/09/95 GF 1; 04/20/95 PD 1; 04/24/95 GF 1
Belted Kingfisher	04/08/95 BSG 1; 04/17/95 GF 1
Red-headed Woodpecker	04/24/95 GF 1
Red-bellied Woodpecker	03/29/95 LR 2; 04/01/95 LR 1; 04/01/95 JI 1; 04/02/95 JI 1; 04/06/95 BW 1; 04/08/95 BSG 1; 04/10/95 WS 2; 04/14/95 LR 1; 04/24/95 GF 1
Yellow-bellied Sapsucker	04/06/95 BW 1
Downy Woodpecker	03/29/95 LR 1; 04/01/95 LR 1; 04/06/95 BW 1; 04/24/95 GF 1
Northern Flicker	04/01/95 JI 1; 04/02/95 JI 1; 04/06/95 BW 1
Pileated Woodpecker	03/29/95 LR 1; 04/08/95 BSG 3
Acadian Flycatcher	04/20/95 PD 1
Eastern Phoebe	04/01/95 LR 1
Great Crested Flycatcher	04/15/95 LR 1; 04/17/95 PD 1
Eastern Kingbird	04/08/95 BSG 5; 04/14/95 LR 1; 04/17/95 GF 1; 04/20/95 PD 1
Scissor-tailed Flycatcher	03/30/95 JI 1; 04/03/95 PD 1; 04/08/95 BSG 1; 04/14/95 LR 2; 04/17/95 E&SH 2
Purple Martin	02/24/95 PD 1; 04/02/95 JI 4; 04/08/95 BSG 1; 04/10/95 WS 8; 04/14/95 LR 3
Tree Swallow	04/01/95 LR 3; 04/08/95 BSG 2
Northern Rough-winged Swallow	03/15/95 PD 1
Cliff Swallow	04/08/95 BSG 12
Barn Swallow	03/04/95 JI 1; 03/18/95 PD 1; 04/01/95 LR 20; 04/08/95 BSG 50; 04/14/95 LR 25
Blue Jay	04/01/95 LR 5; 04/08/95 BSG 1; 04/10/95 WS 5; 04/14/95 LR 3; 04/24/95 GF 2
American Crow	04/08/95 BSG 15
Fish Crow	04/01/95 LR 2; 04/05/95 LR 47; 04/08/95 BSG 2; 04/14/95 LR 4
Common Grackle	03/04/95 JI 2
Carolina Chickadee	04/01/95 LR 2; 04/08/95 BSG 2; 04/09/95 LR 1; 04/10/95 WS 2; 04/14/95 LR 2; 04/24/95 GF 2
Tufted Titmouse	03/27/95 LR 1; 03/29/95 LR 2; 04/01/95 LR 3; 04/08/95 BSG 8; 04/09/95 LR 1; 04/10/95 WS 1; 04/14/95 LR 1; 04/24/95 GF 2
White-breasted Nuthatch	04/10/95 WS 1
Brown-headed Nuthatch	04/01/95 LR 2
Carolina Wren	04/08/95 BSG 5; 04/09/95 LR 1; 04/10/95 WS 2; 04/24/95 GF 1
Ruby-crowned Kinglet	03/27/95 LR 3; 03/29/95 LR 2; 04/01/95 LR 5; 04/06/95 BW 2; 04/08/95 BSG 3; 04/09/95 LR 1; 04/14/95 LR 1
Blue-gray Gnatcatcher	03/27/95 LR 1; 04/06/95 BW 1; 04/08/95 BSG 3; 04/09/95 LR 1; 04/14/95 LR 5
Eastern Bluebird	04/01/95 LR 1; 04/08/95 BSG 7; 04/14/95 LR 1; 04/24/95 GF 2
Wood Thrush	04/10/95 GF 1
American Robin	03/28/95 JI 6; 04/01/95 LR 2; 04/02/95 JI 4; 04/08/95 BSG 2; 04/10/95 WS 3
Northern Mockingbird	04/01/95 LR 1; 04/02/95 JI 3; 04/02/95 JI 1; 04/08/95 BSG 3; 04/10/95 WS 2; 04/14/95 LR 2
Brown Thrasher	04/01/95 LR 1; 04/06/95 BW 1; 04/24/95 GF 1
Cedar Waxwing	03/30/95 JI 5; 04/01/95 JI 30; 04/02/95 JI 25; 04/24/95 GF 7
Loggerhead Shrike	04/02/95 JI 1; 04/08/95 BSG 1
European Starling	04/02/95 JI 5; 04/08/95 BSG 15; 04/10/95 WS 1
White-eyed Vireo	04/08/95 BSG 5; 04/09/95 LR 2
Red-eyed Vireo	04/08/95 BSG 5; 04/14/95 LR 2
Northern Parula	03/27/95 LR 2; 04/01/95 LR 2; 04/08/95 BSG 4
Yellow-rumped Warbler	03/27/95 LR 4; 03/28/95 JI 3; 03/29/95 LR 6; 04/01/95 LR 10; 04/06/95 BW 4; 04/14/95 LR 7; 04/17/95 GF 5
Yellow-throated Warbler	04/01/95 LR 2; 04/08/95 BSG 2; 04/14/95 LR 1
Pine Warbler	03/29/95 LR 1; 04/01/95 LR 4; 04/06/95 BW 2; 04/08/95 BSG 12; 04/14/95 LR 1
Black-and-white Warbler	04/06/95 BW 2; 04/08/95 BSG 2; 04/14/95 LR 1
Prairie Warbler	04/15/95 PD 1
Prothonotary Warbler	04/08/95 BSG 2; 04/17/95 GF 2
Northern Waterthrush	04/20/95 PD 1
Common Yellowthroat	04/20/95 PD 1
Hooded Warbler	04/08/95 BSG 20; 04/09/95 LR 1; 04/14/95 LR 1
Yellow-breasted Chat	04/20/95 PD 1
Summer Tanager	04/08/95 BSG 1; 04/17/95 GF 1; 04/20/95 PD 1; 04/20/95 GF 1
Northern Cardinal	03/27/95 LR 2; 03/29/95 JI 2; 03/30/95 JI 2; 03/31/95 JI 2; 04/01/95 LR 4; 04/01/95 JI 2; 04/02/95 JI 2; 04/08/95 BSG ; 04/10/95 WS 2; 04/14/95 LR 4; 04/24/95 GF 4
Blue Grosbeak	04/20/95 PD 1
Indigo Bunting	04/20/95 PD 1
Bachman's Sparrow	04/08/95 BSG 5
Chipping Sparrow	04/02/95 JI 1; 04/10/95 WS 1
Field Sparrow	04/01/95 LR 2; 04/06/95 BW 6
Lark Sparrow	04/14/95 PD 1
Savannah Sparrow	04/08/95 BSG 60

Common Name	Data
Song Sparrow	04/06/95 BW 2
White-throated Sparrow	04/01/95 LR 4; 04/02/95 JI 1; 04/03/95 BW 6; 04/06/95 BW 4; 04/10/95 WS 2; 04/14/95 LR 3; 04/24/95 GF 6
Dark-eyed Junco	04/06/95 BW 4
Red-winged Blackbird	03/28/95 JI 1; 03/29/95 JI 1; 03/30/95 JI 1; 04/01/95 LR 2; 04/08/95 BSG 500; 04/10/95 WS 1; 04/14/95 LR 1
Eastern Meadowlark	04/06/95 BW 2; 04/08/95 BSG 10
Yellow-headed Blackbird	04/19/95 PD 1
Rusty Blackbird	04/16/95 PD 1
Brewer's Blackbird	04/14/95 PD 1
Common Grackle	03/28/95 JI 3; 03/29/95 JI 3; 03/30/95 JI 3; 03/31/95 JI 3; 04/01/95 LR 1; 04/01/95 JI 4; 04/02/95 JI 2; 04/08/95 BSG 10; 04/10/95 WS 3; 04/14/95 LR 6
Brown-headed Cowbird	03/04/95 JI 50; 03/29/95 JI 7; 03/30/95 JI 7; 03/31/95 JI 7; 04/01/95 JI 2; 04/02/95 JI 4; 04/10/95 WS 1
Orchard Oriole	04/17/95 GF 1; 04/20/95 PD 1
House Finch	04/01/95 JI 1
American Goldfinch	03/27/95 LR 3; 04/01/95 JI 2; 04/06/95 BW 4; 04/10/95 WS 7; 04/15/95 SH 4; 04/24/95 GF 1
House Sparrow	03/29/95 JI 8; 03/30/95 JI 9; 03/31/95 JI 11; 04/01/95 JI 9; 04/02/95 JI 9; 04/08/95 BSG 6; 04/10/95 WS 7; 04/14/95 LR 1

Printed 347 records of the 128 species.